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Certified Reference Materials

AOCS 0306-A3

Report of the certification process for

Non-Modified

Cotton

Third Batch

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ISO 17034:2016
A2LA Certificate 3438.01

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Abstract

This report describes the preparation and certification of the cotton CRMs AOCS 0306-A3 produced by AOCS Technical Services in 2012. The CRMs have been prepared according to ISO Guide 17034:2016 and are intended to serve as control material for third party testing of cotton for transformation events and for no other purpose. The purity of the cotton was verified using event-specific, qualitative PCR analysis by Eurofins-GeneScan, New Orleans, LA (an ISO 17025-accredited laboratory). AOCS 0306-A3 is available in 0.5 ml skirted screw-cap self-sealing tubes. The cotton DNA was extracted from clean leaves by BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC. The leaf DNA extract sample shall be stored in the self-sealing tube at +4 ˚C in the dark.

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Acknowledgements

The authors would like to express sincere appreciation and gratitude to several individuals and their companies for support and guidance throughout this project. Thanks go to Ray Shillito and Benoit Maes, BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC, for offering AOCS the opportunity to manufacture and distribute these products; to Heather Waxdahl, SGS-Midwest for packaging the samples; and to Frank Spiegelhalter, Greg Ditta, E. Pearce Smith, and Daniel Thompson, Eurofins-GeneScan for event-specific, qualitative PCR analysis including the provision of information on running the analyses and interpreting the results.

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Glossary

AOCS	American Oil Chemists' Society
Conventional Crop	Crop variety with no history of modern biotechnology and is produced through plant-breeding techniques that rely on selecting and mating parent plants possessing promising traits and repeatedly selecting for superior performance among their offspring
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic Acid
Detection Limit	Lowest level at which target DNA can be detected in a sample and be reliably tested by PCR methods. It is typically expressed as a percentage: the ratio of the number of modern biotechnology derived genomes to the number of crop genomes times 100 percent
EC	European Commission
Genome	The complete set of genes and DNA associated with an organism
GMO	Organism that has had genetic sequences modified using molecular-level techniques
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
PCR	Polymerase Chain Reaction: technique used to determine whether a sample of plant tissue contains a particular DNA sequence. PCR relies on primer sets that zero in on a particular target DNA sequence and a special DNA-copying enzyme (DNA polymerase) that makes enough copies of the target sequence for identification and measurement
Qualitative PCR	PCR methods that determine the presence or absence of a specific target DNA sequence at a particular level of detection
Quantitation Limit	Lowest level at which the amount of target DNA sequence in a sample can be reliably quantified. It is typically expressed as the ration of the number of transgenic genomes to the number of crop genomes times 100 percent
Quantitative PCR	PCR methods that estimate the relative amount of target DNA sequence in a mixture of DNA molecules

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Introduction

Plant biotechnology is an extension of traditional plant breeding. It allows plant breeders to develop crops with specific traits including insect, disease, and herbicide resistance; processing advantages; and nutritional enhancement. An important component for identifying these new traits is a Certified Reference Material created from leaf, seed, or grain containing the new trait as well as a CRM created from the conventionally bred matrix. The European Commission has mandated that from 18 April 2004, a method for detecting a new event derived from modern biotechnology and a CRM must be available before the EC will consider authorizing acceptance of a new crop derived from modern biotechnology. Several nations outside Europe also require grain and ingredients to be labeled above a threshold level ranging from 0.90 to 5% of authorized biotech events before accepting a shipment.

To meet the above regulatory requirements for measurement standards, AOCS 0306-A3 was manufactured according to ISO Guide 17034:2016 and in accordance with EC No 1829/2003. The CRMs are available from AOCS.

Materials and Methods

BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC, delivered 2.0 mg of cotton leaf DNA to AOCS. Five (5) working samples of DNA (10 μg) each were prepared from the composite and sent to Eurofins-GeneScan, New Orleans, LA (an ISO 17025-accredited laboratory) for event-specific, qualitative PCR analysis to screen for the presence of the intended event. This testing was for purity as well as homogeneity purposes.

The source leaf material was taken from plants which had been tested individually using a number of quality standards and was grown from seeds harvested from plants that had themselves passed the same criteria. Plants not meeting the quality standards were removed and destroyed. Leaf material was harvested from the plants which met the quality standards and frozen immediately, stored at -70 °C.

The genomic DNA was extracted from leaves of one or more plants according to CTAB-based (Doyle JJ and Doyle JL, 1987) protocol. The integrity and concentration of the genomic DNA was determined by electrophoresis in a 1.0% agarose gel and ethidium

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bromide-staining and compared to lambda molecular weight standards by digital imaging quantification. The concentration measurement was done in triplicate, repeated in three different gels. No indications for physical degradation were apparent and the DNA migrated at positions higher than 40 Kb.

The leaf used to manufacture the materials was shown to be absent of LLCotton25, GHB614 using PCR protocols at BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC. The cotton leaf DNA was packaged by SGS-Midwest Seed Services in sterile, 0.5 ml skirted screw-cap self-sealing tubes in aliquots of 10 μg.

AOCS used the Random Number Generator function of Microsoft Excel 2010 to select samples for verification of purity, and homogeneity. Sample numbers AOCS 0306-A3: 34, 51, 94, 162, and 202 were sent to Eurofins-GeneScan, New Orleans, LA (an ISO 17025-accredited laboratory) for event-specific, qualitative PCR analysis to screen for LLCotton25 and GHB614 presence in the samples.

Stability

Stability of these CRMs has been listed as 1 year from the introduction date. The materials were sealed and stored under refrigerated conditions, therefore not exposed to air and are expected to be stable for longer than the estimated expiration date. The stability of the leaf DNA extract material will be reevaluated annually. If the samples are still representative of the certified value, the certificates will be extended.

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Results and Discussion

Sample Homogeneity

The purity data for the homogeneity samples is presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Results of the homogeneity testing performed on the bulk material provided by BASF Agricultural Solutions US LLC	
Sample	**Presence LLCotton 25 and GHB614**
Homogeneity Sample 1	Negative
Homogeneity Sample 2	Negative
Homogeneity Sample 3	Negative
Homogeneity Sample 4	Negative
Homogeneity Sample 5	Negative

Prepared Sample Verification

Once the bulk material was processed and packaged, five (5) samples were identified by the Microsoft Excel 2010 Random Number Generator and sent to Eurofins-GeneScan, New Orleans, LA (an ISO 17025-accredited laboratory) for event-specific, qualitative PCR analysis. These results are presented in Table 2. These data show no contamination occurred during the packaging of AOCS 0306-A3. These results are in agreement with the homogeneity data presented in Table 1.

Table 2. Results for the verification of AOCS 0306-A3 [cotton] material as tested by with event-specific, qualitative PCR analysis.	
Sample	**Presence LLCotton25 and GHB614**
AOCS 0306-A3 34	Negative
AOCS 0306-A3 51	Negative
AOCS 0306-A3 94	Negative
AOCS 0306-A3 162	Negative
AOCS 0306-A3 202	Negative

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Eurofins-GeneScan; 2219 Lakeshore Drive, Suite 400, New Orleans, LA 70122; Telephone: +1 504 297 4330 Toll Free: +1 866 535 2730 Fax: +1 504 297 4335 http://www.gmotesting.com

International Seed Testing Association, International Rules of Seed Testing: Seed Science and Technology Rules, 2012

ISO Guide 30:2015 (E/F), Reference Materials – Selected Terms and Definitions

ISO Guide 31:2015 (E), Reference Materials- Contents of Certificates, Labels and Accompanying Documentation

ISO Guide 35:2017 (E) Reference Materials – Guidance for Characterization and Assessment of Homogeneity and Stability

ISO 17025:2005 and ISO 17025:2017, General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

ISO Guide 174034:2016 (E) General Requirements for the Competence of Reference Material Producers

Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed; eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX%3A32003R1829&from=en

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